

## **Technical Information**

# DEMI-FRASER BROTH BASE (G401) SampleReady® GAMMA IRRADIATED SOLUBLE POUCH

**USE**: Demi-Fraser Broth Base with Supplement is used for the selective enrichment of *Listeria monocytogenes*.

**DESCRIPTION**: Fraser Broth Base and Fraser Broth Supplement are based on the Fraser Broth formulation of Fraser and Sperber. 1 The medium is used in the rapid detection of Listeria from food and environmental samples. Demi-Fraser Broth Base is a modification of Fraser Broth Base in which the nalidixic acid and acriflavine concentrations have been reduced to 10 mg/L and 12.5 mg/L respectively.<sup>2</sup> Peptone, beef extract and yeast extract provide carbon and nitrogen sources and the cofactors required for good growth of Listeria. Sodium phosphate and potassium phosphate buffer the medium. Selectivity is provided by lithium chloride, nalidixic acid and acriflavine. The high sodium chloride concentration of the medium inhibits growth of enterococci. All Listeria species hydrolyze esculin, as evidenced by a blackening of the medium. This blackening results from the formation of 6,7dihydroxycoumarin, which reacts with ferric ions. 1 Ferric ions are added to the final medium as ferric ammonium citrate in Fraser Broth Supplement.

#### FORMULA\* per Liter

Casein Peptone	10.0g
Beef Extract	5.0g
Yeast Extract	5.0g
Sodium Chloride	20.0g
Disodium Phosphate	9.6g
Monopotassium Phosphate	1.35g
Esculin	1.0g
Nalidixic Acid	10.0mg
Acriflavine HCI	12.5mg
Lithium Chloride	3.0g
Total	55g

<sup>\*</sup>Medium may be adjusted and/or supplemented as required to meet performance criteria.

Final pH: 7.2 ± 0.2 at 25°C

**PREPARATION**: Carefully open the Mylar bag and aseptically transfer one soluble pouch to a container of sterile water and mix. Use 1L of sterile water per 55g of dry media with repeated stirring or agitation to dissolve completely. Once dissolved, the Demi-Fraser Broth Base is ready for testing applications. If applicable to your testing procedure, add 10mL Fraser Broth Supplement (V431-10) per liter of media. Testing should include measuring pH and testing performance with Quality Control organisms.

**STORAGE**: Store the sealed Mylar bag in a dry environment at 2 to 25°C.

#### **QUALITY CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS:**

Packaging - The Mylar Bag is hermetically sealed.

**Dehydrated Appearance –** The soluble pouch is dry, and the inclusive powder is beige, homogeneous and free-flowing.

**Prepared Appearance** – Medium amber, very slightly to slightly opalescent, may have fine precipitate.

**Expected Cultural Response –** Results after 24-48 hours at 35°C:

Microorganism	CFU	Growth	Blackening*
Enterococcus faecalis ATCC™ 29212	10 <sup>3</sup>	Inhibition	-
Staphylococcus aureus ATCC™ 25923	10 <sup>3</sup>	Inhibition	-
Escherichia coli ATCC™ 25922	10 <sup>3</sup>	Inhibition	-
Listeria monocytogenes ATCC™ 19114	$10^2 - 10^3$	+	+

<sup>\*</sup>After addition of Fraser Broth Supplement (V431-10).

**LIMITATIONS AND PRECAUTIONS:** Soluble pouch will dissolve in warm water (37°C to 42°C) within an hour based on agitation. A commercial agitator is recommended to dissolve the soluble pouch within minutes

Once opened, use all pouches within the Mylar bag as soon as possible. Prepared media should be used within 3 hours for best results.

The soluble pouches should be discarded if there has been a change from the original color, or the inclusive powder is not free flowing.

FOR LABORATORY USE ONLY.

**SIZES AVAILABLE**: 12.4g (225mL), 55g (1L), 61.9g (1.125L)

**PACKAGING:** See individual product Technical Information sheets for specific packaging formats.

Additional configurations are available upon request.

### REFERENCES:

- FDA BAM, 8th Edition, Revision A, 1998. Updated and revised: 29-DEC-2000.
- 2. Bull. WHO, 48:167-174,1973.
- 3. J. Food Technol., 12:85-91, 1977